

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/620,589	07/17/2003	Soon-Jong Jung	SEC.1055	9298
20987	20987 7590 11/16/2005		EXAMINER	
	E FRANCOS, & WHITT	KACKAR, RAM N		
ONE FREEDOM SQUARE 11951 FREEDOM DRIVE SUITE 1260 RESTON, VA 20190			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1763	

DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/620,589	JUNG, SOON-JONG			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ram N. Kackar	1763			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 September 2005</u> .					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	· _					
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
•	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
•	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
	_					
_						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment	• •					
2)	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (i Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	e			



Application/Control Number: 10/620,589

Art Unit: 1763

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 7, 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Masuda et al (US Pub 2002/0179242) which is equivalent to earlier Japanese Publication (2000-269183) in view of O'Donnel et al (US 6537429).

Masuda et al disclose a plasma process chamber (Fig 1) with means for process gas (117), an upper electrode (110) to which RF power is applied (120), an insulator shield ring extending along an outer peripheral side surface of the upper electrode (116), a lower electrode (131) with means for power supply (141), an electrostatic chuck (131), a focus ring extending along an outer peripheral part of the electrostatic chuck (132) and an insulation ring of quartz disposed under the focus ring and extending along an outer peripheral side of the lower electrode (133 and 134).

Masuda et al do not disclose protective layer on the shield ring and the insulation ring.

O'Donnel et al teaches that components used in plasma processing chambers are exposed to corrosive plasma and are likely to have short useful life. Further O'Donnel et al teach that several materials, which include alumina (Al2O3), TiN and AlN were taught in the prior art to serve as an erosion resistance film (Col 1 lines 60-64) on components inside the plasma chamber.

Art Unit: 1763

O'Donnel et al further teach that even superior erosion resistance is provided by diamond like coating on semiconductor processing equipment components (Col 3 lines 18-30).

Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use Al2O3, TiN, AlN or Diamond like Coating (DLC) as alternative materials for erosion resistance coating as art recognized equivalents.

3. Claims 6, 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Masuda et al (US Pub 2002/0179242) in view of O'Donnel et al (US 6537429) as applied to claims 1-5, 7, 9 and further in view of Tsuchiya et al (US 5716534).

Masuda et al in view of O'Donnel et al disclose all the limitations of these claims except the focus ring is not disclosed of aluminum.

Focus rings are conventionally made of several materials, which could be conductive or insulative. Tsuchiya et al disclose focus rings made of aluminum (Col 5 lines 43-63).

Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to have a focus ring of aluminum as is conventional in the art in the process chamber of Masuda et al.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 9/1/2005 have been fully considered but they are now moot in view of new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Yokogawa et al (US 6551445) also teach that focus rings could be made of aluminum.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ram N. Kackar whose telephone number is 571 272 1436. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 A.M to 5:P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh can be reached on 571 272 1435. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/620,589

Art Unit: 1763

7/620,589 Page 5

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ram Kackar

Examiner AU 1763